

## ADDENDA

ANSI/ASHRAE Addendum d to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 145.2-2011

# Laboratory Test Method for Assessing the Performance of Gas-Phase Air Cleaning Systems: Air Cleaning Devices

Approved by ASHRAE on June 30, 2016, and by the American National Standards Institute on July 1, 2016.

This addendum was approved by a Standing Standard Project Committee (SSPC) for which the Standards Committee has established a documented program for regular publication of addenda or revisions, including procedures for timely, documented, consensus action on requests for change to any part of the standard. The change submittal form, instructions, and deadlines may be obtained in electronic form from the ASHRAE website (www.ashrae.org) or in paper form from the Senior Manager of Standards.

The latest edition of an ASHRAE Standard may be purchased on the ASHRAE website (www.ashrae.org) or from ASHRAE Customer Service, 1791 Tullie Circle, NE, Atlanta, GA 30329-2305. E-mail: orders@ashrae.org. Fax: 678-539-2129. Telephone: 404-636-8400 (worldwide), or toll free 1-800-527-4723 (for orders in US and Canada). For reprint permission, go to www.ashrae.org/permissions.

© 2016 ASHRAE ISSN 1041-2336



© ASHRAE (www.ashrae.org). For personal use only. Additional reproduction, distribution, or transmission in either print or digital form is not permitted without ASHRAE's prior written permission.

#### ASHRAE Standing Standard Project Committee 145.2 Cognizant TC: 2.3, Gaseous Air Contaminants and Gas-Contaminant Removal Equipment SPLS Liaison: Keith I. Emerson

Matt Middlebrooks\*, *Chair* W. Brad M. Stanley\*, *Vice-Chair* Carolyn M.L. Kerr\*, *Secretary* Nick H. Agopian\* W. Peter Freeman\* Sanjeev K. Hingorani\* Kevin Kwong\* Chang-Seo Lee\* Paula J. Levasseur\*

Christopher O. Muller\* Kartik Potukuchi\* David A. Schaaf, Jr.\*

\*Denotes members of voting status when the document was approved for publication

#### ASHRAE STANDARDS COMMITTEE 2016-2017

Rita M. Harrold, *Chair* Steven J. Emmerich, *Vice-Chair* James D. Aswegan Niels Bidstrup Donald M. Brundage Waller S. Clements Drury B. Crawley John F. Dunlap, James W. Earley, Jr. Keith I. Emerson Julie M. Ferguson Michael W. Gallagher Walter T. Grondzik Vinod P. Gupta Susanna S. Hanson Roger L. Hedrick Rick M. Heiden Srinivas Katipamula Arsen K. Melikov R. Lee Millies, Jr. Cyrus H. Nasseri David Robin Peter Simmonds Dennis A. Stanke Wayne H. Stoppelmoor, Jr. Jack H. Zarour William F. Walter, *BOD ExO* Patricia Graef, *CO* 

Stephanie C. Reiniche, Senior Manager of Standards

#### SPECIAL NOTE

This American National Standard (ANS) is a national voluntary consensus Standard developed under the auspices of ASHRAE. *Consensus* is defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), of which ASHRAE is a member and which has approved this Standard as an ANS, as "substantial agreement reached by directly and materially affected interest categories. This signifies the concurrence of more than a simple majority, but not necessarily unanimity. Consensus requires that all views and objections be considered, and that an effort be made toward their resolution." Compliance with this Standard is voluntary until and unless a legal jurisdiction makes compliance mandatory through legislation.

ASHRAE obtains consensus through participation of its national and international members, associated societies, and public review.

ASHRAE Standards are prepared by a Project Committee appointed specifically for the purpose of writing the Standard. The Project Committee Chair and Vice-Chair must be members of ASHRAE; while other committee members may or may not be ASHRAE members, all must be technically qualified in the subject area of the Standard. Every effort is made to balance the concerned interests on all Project Committees. The Senior Manager of Standards of ASHRAE should be contacted for

- a. interpretation of the contents of this Standard,
- b. participation in the next review of the Standard,
- c. offering constructive criticism for improving the Standard, or
- d. permission to reprint portions of the Standard.

#### DISCLAIMER

ASHRAE uses its best efforts to promulgate Standards and Guidelines for the benefit of the public in light of available information and accepted industry practices. However, ASHRAE does not guarantee, certify, or assure the safety or performance of any products, components, or systems tested, installed, or operated in accordance with ASHRAE's Standards or Guidelines or that any tests conducted under its Standards or Guidelines will be nonhazardous or free from risk.

#### ASHRAE INDUSTRIAL ADVERTISING POLICY ON STANDARDS

ASHRAE Standards and Guidelines are established to assist industry and the public by offering a uniform method of testing for rating purposes, by suggesting safe practices in designing and installing equipment, by providing proper definitions of this equipment, and by providing other information that may serve to guide the industry. The creation of ASHRAE Standards and Guidelines is determined by the need for them, and conformance to them is completely voluntary.

In referring to this Standard or Guideline and in marking of equipment and in advertising, no claim shall be made, either stated or implied, that the product has been approved by ASHRAE.

ASHRAE is a registered trademark of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc. ANSI is a registered trademark of the American National Standards Institute. (This foreword is not part of this standard. It is merely informative and does not contain requirements necessary for conformance to the standard. It has not been processed according to the ANSI requirements for a standard and may contain material that has not been subject to public review or a consensus process. Unresolved objectors on informative material are not offered the right to appeal at ASHRAE or ANSI.)

## FOREWORD

Table 6.1.4.1 sets forth required compounds for testing in certain categories of compounds. Because there are many difficulties in performing this test for formaldehyde, it is recommended that the method no longer require formaldehyde testing. Formaldehyde remains an acceptable compound for testing with recommended concentrations.

*Note:* In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by <u>underlining</u> (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions) unless the instructions specifically mention some other means of indicating the changes.

## Addendum d to Standard 145.2-2011

Change Table 6.1.4.1 as shown.

#### TABLE 6.1.4.1 Standard Test Challenge Gases

			Low Conc.	High Conc.	NIOSH REL TWA	OSHA PEL TWA	High Conc. Rationale	Capacity	Required
Category / Chemical	CAS #	MW*	(ppb)	(ppm)	(ppm)**	(ppm)**	***	Used****	Chemical
Acid Gases									
Sulfur Dioxide	7446-09-5	64.1	50	35	2	5	AA	6%, x 8%, y <sub>b</sub>	
Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	36.5	75	5	5 (c)	5 (c)	DD	12%, y <sub>b</sub>	
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	34.1	100	25	10 (c)	20 (c)	CC	12%, x 20%, y <sub>b</sub>	
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10102-44-0	46.0	50	30	1 (st)	5 (c)	AA	6%, z 20%, x	
Aldehydes									
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	30.0	100	1	0.016	0.75	EE	3%, x	
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	44.1	100	15	None	200	AA	10%, x	
Hexanal	66-25-1	100.2	100		None	None			
Basic Gases									
Ammonia	7664-41-7	17.0	100	75	25	50	AA	5%, y <sub>a</sub>	V
Methylpyrrolidone	872-50-4	99.13	100	5	None	None	AA	15%, xy <sub>a</sub>	
Oxidizing Gases									
Ozone	10028-15-6	48.0	75	0.5	0.1 (c)	0.1	BB	None	
VOCs									
Toluene	108-88-3	92.1	400	50	100	200	AA	20%, z	
2-ButaNone	78-93-3	72.1	400	65	200	200	AA	20%, z	
Acetone	67-64-1	58.1	400	20	250	1,000	AA	5%, z	
Benzene	71-43-2	78.1	400	60	0.1	1	AA	20%, z	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	84.2	400	55	300	300	AA	20%, z	
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	70.2	400	50	600	None	AA	15%, z	
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	84.9	400	50	None	25	AA	20%, z	
Ethanol	64-17-5	46.1	400	50	1,000	1,000	AA	10%, z	
Hexane	110-54-3	86.2	400	25	50	500	AA	10%, z	
iso-Butanol	78-83-1	74.1	400	45	50	100	AA	15%, z	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	60.1	400	35	400	400	AA	10%, z	
MEK	78-93-3	72.1	400	30	200	200	AA	10%, z	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	165.8	400	25	None	100	AA	20%, z	
m-Xylene o-Xylene	108-38-3 95-47-6	106.2	400	45	100	100	AA	20%, z	
p-Xylene	106-42-3								
Warfare									
DMMP	756-79-6	124.1	75	20	None	None			$\checkmark$
Miscellaneous									
Chlorine	7782-50-5	70.9	100	30	0.5 (c)	1 (c)	AA	10%, z 12%, y <sub>b</sub>	None
Carbon Monoxide	630-08-0	28.0	100	35	35	50	DD		
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	44.0	400	5,000	5,000	5,000	DD		

## POLICY STATEMENT DEFINING ASHRAE'S CONCERN FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF ITS ACTIVITIES

ASHRAE is concerned with the impact of its members' activities on both the indoor and outdoor environment. ASHRAE's members will strive to minimize any possible deleterious effect on the indoor and outdoor environment of the systems and components in their responsibility while maximizing the beneficial effects these systems provide, consistent with accepted Standards and the practical state of the art.

ASHRAE's short-range goal is to ensure that the systems and components within its scope do not impact the indoor and outdoor environment to a greater extent than specified by the Standards and Guidelines as established by itself and other responsible bodies.

As an ongoing goal, ASHRAE will, through its Standards Committee and extensive Technical Committee structure, continue to generate up-to-date Standards and Guidelines where appropriate and adopt, recommend, and promote those new and revised Standards developed by other responsible organizations.

Through its *Handbook*, appropriate chapters will contain up-to-date Standards and design considerations as the material is systematically revised.

ASHRAE will take the lead with respect to dissemination of environmental information of its primary interest and will seek out and disseminate information from other responsible organizations that is pertinent, as guides to updating Standards and Guidelines.

The effects of the design and selection of equipment and systems will be considered within the scope of the system's intended use and expected misuse. The disposal of hazardous materials, if any, will also be considered.

ASHRAE's primary concern for environmental impact will be at the site where equipment within ASHRAE's scope operates. However, energy source selection and the possible environmental impact due to the energy source and energy transportation will be considered where possible. Recommendations concerning energy source selection should be made by its members.



### About ASHRAE

ASHRAE, founded in 1894, is a global society advancing human well-being through sustainable technology for the built environment. The Society and its members focus on building systems, energy efficiency, indoor air quality, refrigeration, and sustainability. Through research, Standards writing, publishing, certification and continuing education, ASHRAE shapes tomorrow's built environment today.

For more information or to become a member of ASHRAE, visit www.ashrae.org.

To stay current with this and other ASHRAE Standards and Guidelines, visit www.ashrae.org/standards.

### Visit the ASHRAE Bookstore

ASHRAE offers its Standards and Guidelines in print, as immediately downloadable PDFs, on CD-ROM, and via ASHRAE Digital Collections, which provides online access with automatic updates as well as historical versions of publications. Selected Standards and Guidelines are also offered in redline versions that indicate the changes made between the active Standard or Guideline and its previous version. For more information, visit the Standards and Guidelines section of the ASHRAE Bookstore at www.ashrae.org/bookstore.

## IMPORTANT NOTICES ABOUT THIS STANDARD

To ensure that you have all of the approved addenda, errata, and interpretations for this Standard, visit www.ashrae.org/standards to download them free of charge.

Addenda, errata, and interpretations for ASHRAE Standards and Guidelines are no longer distributed with copies of the Standards and Guidelines. ASHRAE provides these addenda, errata, and interpretations only in electronic form to promote more sustainable use of resources.